RadaR (Rapid analysis of diagnostic and antimicrobial patterns in R) - an interactive open source software tool

Luz, Christian; Berends, Matthias; Dik, Jan-Willem; Beerlage-de Jong, Nienke; Lokate, Mariëtte; Glasner, Corinna; Sinha, Bhanu

RadaR ≡ Rapid analysis of diagnostic and antimicrobial pattern in R - an interactive open source software tool

DETECT PATTERNS IN

PATIENTS | ANTIMICROBIALS | DIAGNOSTICS | OUTCOME

Christian Luz[1]
Matthijs Berends[1,2]
Jan-Willem Dik[1]
Nienke Beerlage-de Jong[3]
Mariëtte Lokate[1]
Corinna Glasner[1]
Bhanu Sinha[1]

[1] Department of Medical Microbiology, University Medical Center Groningen
[2] Certe Medical Diagnostics and Advice, Groningen
[3] Department of Psychology, Health and Technology, University of Twente

c.f.luz@umcg.nl

Find an online example of **RadaR** here:

RadaR - methods

Electronic hospital records	Data processing in R	Interact with the data	Visualization & analysis
Antimicrobial consumption	Merge sources	Web-browser based	Get insights within seconds
Microbiologcial diagnostics	Standardize	Filter, select, zoom	Communicate findings
Administrative data	Automated process	No prior skills needed	Reproduce findings

RadaR - use

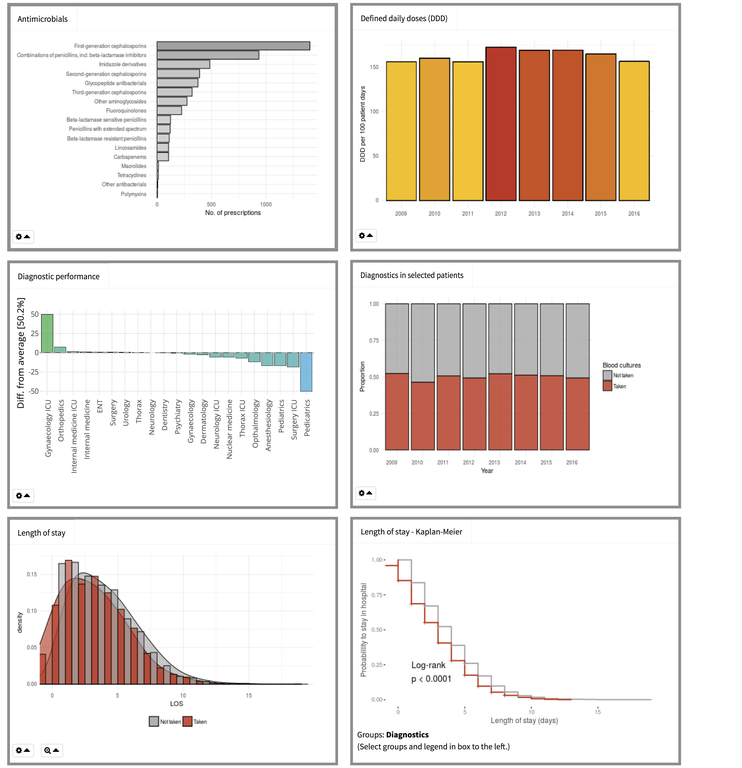
- Define patient group by 17 selection criteria (start of treatment, specialty, type of antimicrobials, year, admission route, and more)
- Find patients receiving antimicrobials, selected by their first prescription and filter or stratify by various groups.
- Check whether microbiological diagnostics have been performed in a given time.
- Analyse how long patients stay in hospital.
- Identify areas within the hospital that might benefit from **antimicrobial stewardship** interventions.

Selection criteria

- Start of antimicrobials (in relation to start of admission)
- Minimum duration of treatment (days)
- Minimum duration of single prescription (days)
- Administration route
- First prescription only or all antimicrobials
- Groups of antimicrobials - 4th level WHO ATC
- Antimicrobials - 5th level of the WHO ATC
- Gender
- Age
- Year
- Specialty
- Minimum number of patients per sub-specialty
- Include only sub-specialty only
- Exclude sub-specialty
- Route of admission
- Type of diagnostics
- Days to first test (in relation to start of antimicrobials

RadaR - output examples

simulated data



Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

Pronkjewail

umcg

university of groningen